NEW-YORK, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1888.---TWELVE PAGES.

MR. CLEVELAND'S BARGAIN WITH THE BRITISH PREMIER. TRADING HIS COUNTRY'S HONOR FOR ELEC.

THE WHOLE SHAMEFUL TRICK DISCLOSED A SECRET UNDERSTANDING WITH LORD SALIS URY-THE PRESIDENT DID NOT DISMISS LORD SACKVILLE UNTIL HE HAD BEEN ASSURED THAT ENGLAND WOULD NOT BE ANGRY-LORD SALISBURY AGREED TO HIS ENVOY'S DISMISSAL FOR THE SAKE OF HAVING CLEVELAND RE-ELECTED-IF CLEVELAND IS RE-ELECTED HE WILL NOT FOR-GET HIS OBLIGATIONS TO THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT. BY CABLE TO THE TRIBUNE. Copyright; 1888; By The New-York Tribune.

London, Nov. 5 .- I am able to confirm this morning what I telegraphed on Saturday respecting the relations between Mr. Cleveland and Lord Salisbury. It is the fact that their negotiations have been amicable throughout. It is the fact that Lord Salisbury, when Lord Sackville's inbrought to his notice, offered that he should come to grant this proposal. It is the fact that when Mr. Cleveland, eating his own words and under his passports, he had ascertained that this could be done without provoking retaliation. It is the fact that there has been from first to last a good understanding between Mr. Cleveland and Lord Salis-

I quoted last Thursday the following paragraph from a London letter to "The Manchester Guardian": "The assumption that Mr. Cleveland electioneering purposes, but there is no reason to then that the writer of that had unusually good means of information. I now say on authority That statement is of itself sufficient to dispel the pretence that Mr. Cleveland has been assuming a hostile attitude to his English friends; but that is not all. Lord Salisbury explained to the Ameriwill have no such effect. Upon this hint Mr. Cleveland acted. An English journalist, who put his head down and bellowed. He had no now add from the same source the following very interesting and not less trustworthy statement: " If Mr. Cleveland," says this English writer, " is tions to Lord Salisbury, who, to his great credit, has lent no ear to the worse than foolish suggestion that he should take vengeance on the perhim with the urgent messages of the President and Mr. Bayard, all he could do in the circumstances was to say, as he did say, that if Lord Sackville's letter had made his presence at Washleave of absence, and he gave it accordingly. Nothing could stay the electioneering anxiety of the party in office but the recall or dismissal with not possible for the indiscretion which had been with the narrative above given, which came from an independent but equally authoritative source Cleveland has been forcing an open door. The correspondence which passed will be laid before Parliament this week, and in that again will be upon knowledge that the English Government would not retaliate if he dismissed Lord Sackville. Mr. Cleveland's was a policy of safe swagger; Lord Salisbury's an attitude of amused

DETAINED BY A HAYTIAN MAN-OF-WAR.

BOUGH TREATMENT OF AN AMERICAN VESSEL Patrick, arrived here to-day from St. Marc, Hayti. She reports that on October 18, when off St. Marc, she was ordered to heave to by a Haytian man-of-war, whose armed officers and men came on board three different times, taking away the ship's register and all her papers, and threatening to take her to Porf-au-Prince as a prize. After detaining them some time the papers were returned and the vessel allowed to proceed.

SINKING OF THE SAXMUNDHAM. London, Nov. 5.—Capfain Bjonness, of the Nor-wegian bark Nor, from New-York for Stettin, which was in collision with and sunk the steamer Saxmundham off Cowes, disclaims responsibility for the acci dent. He says the Saxmundham ran into the Nor while the weather was perfectly clear. The crew of the Nor remained on the bark for eight hours after signals of distress were made to passing steamers, but they declined to render assistance. Nothing has been heard of the twenty-two persons who are missing and there is little doubt that they went down with the steamer.

Nice, Nov. 5 .- The King of Wurtemberg is much irritated over the newspaper reports charging that he was under the influence of three Americans whom he has made his favorites. A few days ago the King summoned Baron von Mittnscat, the Wurtemberg Prime Minister, to Nice and instructed him to make an official denial of a report that his private estate had

een involved by his expenses. The president of the Wurtemburg Council has gone to Nice to urge the King to dismiss Woodcock and Hendry, the Americans. Woodcock has gone to London. The people unanimously condemn Wood-cock and Hendry.

LORD SALISBURY AND MR. BUCKLE CONFER. London, Nov. 5.—Mr. Buckle, Editor of "The Times," had an interview with Lord Salisbury at the Foreign Office to-day, with reference, it is supposed, to the Parnell charges.

THE CZAR THANKFUL FOR HIS ESCAPE. St. Petersburg, Nov. 5.—The Czar has issued a manifesto stating that he shares with the people their thanks to God for his miraculous escape from death last Monday's reliread accident. He says; "May the Providence who protected our life and consecrated it to the country's welfare strengthen us to faithfully fulfil to the end the great duties that its will has laid upon us."

STILL ENGLAND'S CANDIDATE BECAUSE THEY KNOW HIM TO BE & FREE

NO ENGLISH JOURNAL THAT DOES NOT FAVOR CLEVELAND-NOT ONE THAT EVEN SPEAKS OF HARRISON WITH RESPECT-ADMIT TING THAT THEY HAVE CONCEAL.

ED THEIR SYMPATHY WITH MR. CLEVELAND THROUGH MOTIVES OF POLIT-ICAL EXPEDIENCY. BY CABLE TO THE TRIBUNE.

Copyright; 1888; By The New-York Tribune. London, Nov. 5 .- An outburst of irrepressible sympathy with Mr. Cleveland may be found in wo or three English papers of to-day. Drilled as they have been during the last few weeks to conceal their preference for Mr. Cleveland, they seem to suppose it now safe to reveal it. Times" devotes its leading editorial of a column and a half to the election, and once more openly lies the Cleveland flag. "The Democratic party, says "The Times," " can appeal on more legitimat grounds for popular support. Mr. Cleveland's Administration can compare very favorably in respect terference with the American election was first of tranquillity and prosperity with any one of his immediate predecessors, and on this ground he may successfully claim support of the neutral class to be found in the electorate of every country. On the other hand, the Republicans have been long enough out of office to allow people who have short memories party pressure, determined to give Lord Sackville to lorget their erratic plicy and their administra tive blundering." This is followed by the usual hypocritical profession of indifference to the result of the election, a pretence which deceives neither the writer nor the reader.

The American correspondent of "The Times" has also been summing up the situation for English readers as fellows: "Thus is concentrated a masterly game of cash, cunning and trickery around New-York Harbor for the control of the great American Republic, a game which will rival bosses of the New-York City political facpolitical lustre upon the New-World." This tone. this abuse of their own country, and this malicious caricature of American political life, have been Cleveland correspondents from America in English

anti-American and pro-Cleveland of all London "It is admitted," says this journal, "or would have been a fortnight ago, that our political sympathies to wish Mr. Cleveland success. He is, to begit with, the representative of a party which, whatever its political shortcomings, compares rather favorably in English eyes with its desperately discredited opponents. In the next place, his professed policy commends itself to the sentiment and traditions of this country in many ways apart from general prepossession. There is no denying that on comparison between the detailed programmes of the two candidates there could be little hesitation in the minds of Englishmen of any party in giving their preference to that o points on which we are more or less strongly at variance with his adversary. His leanings are to the English view on economical questions disposed to welcome Mr. Cleveland's re-election. But it may be dangerous to say so. All we can do in the circumstances is to request Mr. Cleveland to bear in mind that after what has happened he must measure the warmth of our wishes for his success by the care with which we conceal

There are others, but that will suffice. The I know of no English journal which does not favor Mr. Cleveland. I know of not one which has-I do not say supported General Harrison, I have not met in private life one single Englishman who did not hope for Mr. Cleveland's election, or who doubts that the American President is at heart for free trade with Great Britain. They have remained faithful to him all through the Sackville business. He is now, as he has been from the beginning, England's candidate for the G. W. S.

MR. GLADSTONE AT BIRMINGHAM, THE GRAND OLD MAN HAS SOMETHING TO SAY ABOUT THE FISHERIES AND LORD SACKVILLE.

Birmingham, Nov. 5.-Mr. Gladstone arrived here to-day. The city was "en fete" in his honor. Mr. Gladstone will remain in Eirmingham most of the week, and will make several speeches. On his arrival to-day he was driven to the Town Hall in a carriage drawn by four horses. A great crowd awaited him, and numerous deputations presented him with addresses. Mr. Gladstone, in a speech, said addresses folly recognized the fact that the Irish question was really the English, Scotch and Welsh question, and that until the question was settled the country could know neither solid peace nor effectual progress.

estion with the United States had been egregiou failures. The Liberals did not wish to increase the difficulty of settling the matter in dispute, but they were desirous that by a judicious choice of persons and the suggestion of measures the question should be settled in a manner tending to draw both countries into closer relations. The Sackville incident, he said, was extremely unfortunate. It had resulted in the infliction of a scrious slight and disparagement upon England. He hoped the matter was susceptible of satisfactory explanation. The incident ought to serve to moderate a little the spirit of vaunting and bragging, which is in vogue among many Tories.

LORD SACKVILLE TO VISIT CANADA. Ottawa, Ont., Nov. 5.-1t is rumored that Lord Sackville will arrive here shortly, on a visit to the

KILLED BY A PARTY OF HORSEMEN. As wanton a piece of fiendishness as has ever been recorded was committed on Sunday evening in College Point, L. L., which resulted in the almost instant

death of Joseph Kroger, a market gardener, who was crossing the street from his house, opposite Furst's Institute. Kroger was fifty years old. At about 5 o'clock, a party of six men, headed by a fellow whose hair fell upon his shoulders, appeared in Flushing. They were all mounted upon mettlesome bron-chos, and were considerably under the influence of liquor. It was not the first time they had visited the They belonged to a riding academy in the eighborhood of Graham ave. and Skillman-st., Brookabreast, dashing through the streets as if pos by demons. Pedestrians were terrified, and many ladies came near fainting through fright.

The fellows, who were all well-fressed, paid no attention to the confusion they were exciting, but kept the road to College Point. There they visited several saloons, and, metaphorically, painted the town red, whooping and shouting like Indians. Shucks's saloon they drew up, six abreast, still howling. Suddenly their leader gave the command: "Let her go!" and they gave rein to their horses. Kroger was crossing the street at the moment. In an instant aw what they had done, but paid no attention to their

IT SEEMED AN EARTHQUAKE. A TRAMP KNOCKING AT THE WRONG DOOR.

HE STIRRED UP THREE TONS OF NITRO-GLYCER INE AND NOW NOTHING IS LEFT EXCEPT A HOLE IN THE GROUND-TERRIFIC EX-PLOSION AT SHANNOPIN, PENN.

(BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.) Pittsburg, Nov. 5 .- The residents of the Ohio Valley for miles on all sides of Shannopin were shaken about 4:20 a. m. to-day, as if by an earthquake. The cause was the explosion of three tons of nitro-glycerine, owned by V. Q. Hickman, of Washington, Penn. The magazine was on the top of the hill west of Shannopin. No definite account can be given as to what caused the glycerine to explode. People living near say that they saw a tramp going toward the magazine last The night and did not see him return. It is thought that he went to the house, and, not knowing what was it it, tried to get in to sleep. His hammering on the door is supposed to have given a shock to the glycerine in the building. About fifty feet away from where the glycerine was stored was a brush fire, which the tramp had evidently built to keep himself warm. David McCoy, his wife and three children lived near by. shock threw all the members of family out of their beds. One again, and was not injured. The doors of the house were all thrown open and some of them burst from their hinges. Another house, owned by Joseph Leech, was almost as badly used up,

as was that of Archey New. The place where the glycerine was stored was yesterday a forest of green trees. To-day it is a desolate spot. The tall oaks, torn out by the roots, lie in all directions. Some of them are split in two. Where the magazine stood a hole supposed to have been 100 feet deep was made, but the ground has been sliding rapidly since but the ground has been sliding rapidly since the explosion. The explosion threw an avalanche of earth and stones 100 feet in the air, tearing fimbs from trees and knocking patches of wood and bark off, and the whole forest for more than an eighth of a mile around looked as though it had been subjected to a heavy fire of shot and shell. Hocks weighing tons were pulverized. House in Beaver Falls, Pittsburg, Alleghany, Mansfeld, were shaken to their foundations, though some were seventeen miles away. The shock was perceptibly felt at Youngstown, Ohio, forty-three miles distant, and the night operators shock was perceptibly felt at Youngstown, Ohio, forty-three miles distant, and the night operators along the railroad lines immediately wired to central points for particulars of the earthquake, as they supposed it to be. The magazine belonged to the Torpedo Company of Delaware. There are vague reports of loss of life, but the bodies of the dead, if there were any, would be blown into such minute fragments that the recovery of any portion of them would be impossible.

BURNING BALLOT BOXES.

RIOTOUS BOURBONS IN NORTH CAROLINA

SEVERAL REPUBLICAN VOTERS WOUNDED-VIOLENT ENDEAVOR TO DETER THEM FROM GOING TO THE POLLS TO-DAY-AN ELECTION IN SOME PRECINCTS TO BE PREVENTED ALTO-GETHER-CALLING OUT THE MILITIA.

Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 5 .- This place was in an A riot is imminent, and it promes to be one of the bloodiest character. Already shots have been exchanged and a number of Re publicans have been wounded. The Democratic leaders are now openly declaring on the streets that they will carry the election and throw out Republican votes by the wholesale. of killing are freely made ne negroes. Republican supervisors against the negroes. Republican supervisors are warned that they will be lynched, if they

persist in trying to obtain their rights.

Arms were distributed throughout this city, and advising their followers to resist officers sent by the United States Commissioners to serve warrants for offences committed against the election law. In many instances these officers have been obliged to flee for their lives. Ballot-boxes and registration books were burned in several precincts of this city to prevent holding an election to-morrow

The State militia are under arms ready to aid the disorderly element in executing the schemes against a fair ballot. Hundreds of South Carolina Democrats are coming across the border to assist in intimidating the black and white Republicans. These in many cases are standing up manfully in their own defence, but the other side are becoming desperate. If a Northern Republican should be found by the mob, his life ould not be worth much. The Republicans will inesst on voting and on having their votes counted, but the chairman of the Republican State Committee is fearful that serious trouble will occur to-morrow.

Carolina were received by Chairman Quay, of the National Committee, yesterday. Here is one that came in late in the afternoon from the chairman of the North Carolina State Committee:

The Democratic leaders are now boasting openly that they will count us out. They are threatening to kill our negroes and lynch our supervisors. They are arming their people and resisting airest. Several have already been shot, and it is certain that blood will flow freely on election day. The South Carolina Democrats are coming across the border, and the militia has been ordered

In reply to this Mr. Quay directed the committee to appeal to the Federal authorities, if necessary, and also sent the following telegram, a copy of one sent on Sunday night to the chairmen of the party in all the Southern States:

Information recently received by this committee convinces us that a conspiracy exists to perpetrate extensive frauds upon the ballot in different sections of the South. Under the present Administration their occurrence cannot be prevented. But we have determined, as far as in us lies, to prevent their recurrence, and accordingly, at our final meeting yesterday, the sum of \$50,000 was see our man meeting yesters, the may lead to the ar-rest and conviction of persons so offending. Please di-rect your people in all districts where these frauds are likely to occur to be prepared to furnish the National Committee at the proper time with the necessary evidence. A specific offer of rewards, distributing the

Every effort will be made to protect the rights of the party in Raleigh, but the indications are that serious trouble is impending. There is a widespread revolt against Bourbon rule in the State, and the Democratic leaders are trying to

FAIR WEATHER PREDICTED FOR TO-DAY.

IF IT SHOULD RAIN. IT IS THOUGHT THE FALL WILL BE LIGHT AND END BEFORE THE POLLS OPEN. There will be good weather to-day in this State and probably all over the country. The officers of the

Signal Service Station made that encouraging predicion at a late hour last night, a prediction which, it verified, means that a full Republican vote will be polled in the doubtful States. Besides insuring a full Republican vote, fair weather to-day will insure quicker election returns from all the different States to the newspapers, so that the result will be quickly known. It rained in this State and several States on Election Day in 1884, and although the rain did not begin to fall in this State until the afternoon, it nevertheless prevented some Republicans, particularly farmers, from getting to the polls. If it does rain in this State to-day, it is predicted that the fall will be slight, that it will come only in the extreme wastern countles and will be over early this morning before the polls are opened. Rain fell yesterday in some of the Western about Chicago and west of Cleveland. Indianapolis was reported to be clear, and so were other cities. It rained 24-100 of an inch at Sault St. Marie, and only 2-100 in Cleveland. Gold weather will come on Thursday. GUIDANCE FOR VOTERS.

NO NEED TO BE INTIMIDATED. PLANS LAID BY PROMINENT REPUBLICANS TO FURNISH BAIL AND LEGAL ADVICE TO

VOTERS HARASSED BY DEMOCRATS.

It was learned last night that the Democrats ineded to attempt a wholesale intimidation of young voters by challenging them at the poils and then, if they swear their votes in, have them arrested, first voters who do not know their rights. No young voter who in honestly entitled to a vote need have place all he need do is to go to the headquarter of the Republican County Committee, No. 18 West him to compel the inspectors to accept vote which he offers. All who are arrested alleged illegal voting will be promptly bailed and

lawyers will look after their interests. A meeting of the Law Committee of the Union League Club was held last night, where it was stated that several thousand warrants had been procured by Democrats for the purpose of thus harrassing and intimidating voters, and arrangements were made to furnish ball in such cases, in order to frustrate the A number of members volunteered to remain all day General Edward F. Winslow, John F. Plummer, Cornelius N. Bliss, Charles Watrous, Birdseye Blakeman William L. Strong, S. R. Lesher, M. C. D. Borden John H. Hall, D. F. Appleton, Thomas H. Wood, ex

The polling places will be open in this city this norning at 6 o'clock for the reception of votes and all the voting must be done before 4 p. m. Justice Barrett has decided that the polls must be closed promptly at 4 o'clock, and to be sure of an op at the earliest possible moment. Voters are entitled cast cight separate ballots. President," in this city, should bear the names of hirty-six electors, and as frauds may be attempted by the offering of "mixed tickets" containing the names of some Democratic electors, the ballot should quently published in The Tribune. The other ballots are indorsed "State," "Congress," "Assembly," "City and County," "Judfeiary," "Alderman" and "Constitutional Amendment." The constitutional amendment is one intended to relieve the Court of Appeals from the burden of accumulated cases. Receive the ballots only from accredited representatives of published in The Tribune to avoid errors. SEE YOUR BALLOT PUT IN THE BOX.

Vote quickly in order that every one may have ar of his right to vote need be frightened by a challenge ite has only to take an oath that he is a resident for the required term and is a citizen, and his are placed in the boxes and see that the inspector of challenge may be exercised freely, if there is evidence of fraud. While police officers and watchers will be at every polling place,, private citizens may do much to secure an honest election by careful per-sonal watchfulness. The prevention of bribery especially is a work in which private citizens may be more effectively engaged than officials can be.

To offset the threats made by the Democrats to arrest every person suspected (by them) of attempting to vote illegally, which bluster was intended to intimidate honest colored voters, the Federal Chil has arranged to have two lawyers in each of the courts in this city all day to-day to defend such and to prevent arbitrary action against them.

WHAT THE FEDERAL CLUB WILL DO. Another committee of seventy-five of the most influential members of the Federal Club -will be divided up among the election districts to see that no fraudulent votes are cast. A number of large in large type, will be prominently displayed at each lub will receive the returns direct by telegraph, and screen in Ffty-ninth-st., opposite the clubhouse.

Particular attention is called to the importance of Assembly in the XXIst District. It has been learned that some secret opposition has been organized against Mr. Crosby, and it is probably owing to this fact that his circulars, although sent out in ample time, have

The Women's Industrial League will have working women distribute circulars and papers to-day, appealing to workingmen to vote for protection to American industries. A tally-bo, decorated with large posters, while at each one of these there will be women stationed to urge men to do their duty at the polis by

United States Commissioner Shields and Deuel will be The men arrested by the Deputy Marshals will be taken before the Commissioners and held or discharged as rapidly as the evidence can be taken. District-Attorney Walker will have an assistant be-fore each Commissioner. The courts will be closed but there will be a Supreme Court Justice in the Court House prepared to intervene where voters are deprived of their rights.

Legal members of the Republican Club of the city of New-York will be at every police court in the city to thwart attempts by Democrats to arrest Republican voters, for the purpose of preventing them from casting their votes for the Republican tickets. A telegraph office will also be opened at the club-house early and the election re-turns received as soon as possible. National, State and County tickets can be found at the club-house

at any time during the day. All the Republican inspectors in the Custom House have been ordered to report for duty at the Barge Office this morning. They think this is done to keep them away from the polls and give the Democratic employes a day off.

CAPTAIN REILEY CLEARS THE STREETS

sembled at the Republican County Headquarters, in Twenty-fifth-st., last night, to sing and cheer for the Republican candidates. The noise brought out a mob of Democrats, who were sent there by the Democratic State Committeemen, and they tried to drown the singing by hooting and jeering. This only added to the hubbub, and for some time the two parties, about equal in numbers, cheered and shouted for their can didates. The Democrats waved the bandannas, and licans had by far the best of it in point of numbers, and they completely drowned the cheering for Cleveland in groans and hisses. There was so much noise and excitement, and feeling ran so high, that Captain

and excitement, and feeling ran so high, that Captain Reilly came with a squad of sixty policemen and cleared the street.

The lights of the Hoffman House corridor were turned down low early last evening, because there was such a crowd in the cafe, and the proprietor was afraid that some of his pictures and statuary would be injured. The cafe was packed with Republicans and Democrats. There were few Cleveland men who wanted to let, and several bets of \$1,000 to \$3000 were made, just as fast as the Democrats offered them. On larger amounts the Democrats would take even money only.

Chicago, Nov. 5 (Special).—The Rawson divorce case, which during the last two or three years has presented so many sensational features in the courts, has been brought to an end. When the intense bitresulted in the murderous assault upon Colonel Whitney, one of Mr. Rawson's attorneys, in Judge Jamison's court-room last summer, the climax of the which led to the settlement, the terms of which are is follows: Mr. Rawson agreed to give his wife 240,000; Mrs. Rawson will be allowed to prosecute her divorce suit on the bill recently filed, charging lesertion, and the divorce will be granted by default all the other civil suits will be withdrawn. Mr. Rawson also signed a document retracting the damaging charges against the character of his wife. The criminal prosecution for the shooting of Colonel Whitner will be dropped.

AT FEVER HEAT IN INDIANA.

CROWDS IN THE INDIANAPOLIS STREETS. CONFIDENT REPUBLICANS-TROUBLE ANTICI

PATED AT THE POLLS TO-DAY.

Indianapolis, Nov. 5 .- Enthusiastic demonstration ble to-morrow, have made this a day of uneasines in Indiana. In this city the streets have been filled with idle men, and about the headquarters of ready to join in uproartous cheering whenever the east encouragement is offered. To-night several thousand Republicans assembled in Tomlinson Hall and united in singing "Good-Bye, Old Grover, Good-Bye," and other familiar campaign songs. There is great throng about the new Denison House cheer ing and singing and everybody appears to be happy Ithis afternoon the huge ball that was started rolling over the country from Cumberland, Md., was taken out by some of the enthusiasts. A rope over 500 feed in length was attached to it, and in a few minutes streets of the city. The crowd increased as the prowas over a large part of the populace was following the rolling ball on its majority-making journey.

There are indications of probable trouble to-mor-row. The Democrats are resorting to many methods of intimidating voters, and the indignation of the Republicans is rising to a dangerous point. Many voters have received circulars to-day threatening them with prosecution if they vote. A squad of Democratic negroes from Washington arrived here, and this evening 400 men came from Kansas City employed in Kingan's pork-packing establishment in his city. They have no residence in Indiana, but it is the intention of the Democratic campaign managers to vote them in the Fifteenth, Twenty-fourth cans are determined to resist fraud, and there may possibly be trouble. Feeling also runs high over the timidate Republicans throughout the State by arrestby the Federal Supervisors. In this city, in anticipation of trouble, the Republicans have detailed men to go from the north-side wards to the south side to assist the members of the party in defending their rights against the overwhelming numhers on the Democratic side.

There were ten arrests made here to-day on charge of attempted bribery, but surety was promptly fur-nished in each case and the men were released from publican, was discharged without trial, as there was have been making loud boasts to-day that Colonel State. A warrant against him was sworn out by John A. Lang, a Democrat, and United States Marshal Hawkins declares that he will take Colonel

Dudley into custody before election day is over.

The Republicans are still confident of victory to bet on Harrison's carrying the State. The Demodicting victory to-night. Colonel James H. Rice, a member of the Democratic National Committee, said to-night that his party confidently expected to carry the State by 7,000 plurality. Colonel John C. New thinks that this talk is all in the spirit of bluffing. "Harrison's plurality in Indiana," he declared to-night, with much emphasis, "will be not less than

for his election could not be much more encouraging him upon the outlook, and presents have been coming call upon him before the voters of the Nation determine whether or not be shall be President came from Terre Haute to iformally present to the General and Mrs. Harrison testimonials that were voted at a recent German silver chair and the gift to Mrs. Harrison was a silver fruit dish. Speeches were made, and General Harrison briefly responded, as follows:

that I was advised of your intention. I thank you for their only convenient seat upon a log or a cracker box and will be glad to greet personally the members of this club and those ladies who accompany you.

INDIANA SAFE BY A FAIR PLURALITY. ONLY DEMOCRATIC FRAUD AND INTIMIDATION

Indianapolis, Nov. 5 (Special).-In my judgment the Republicans will carry Indiana for their National and General Harrison will have several thousand more than the State ticket. We shall have at least seven Congressmen, and a good-majority of the hold-over

CALIFORNIA REPUBLICANS HOPEFUL. PLURALITY OF 13,000 CONCEDED BY THE DEMOCRATS.

San Francisco, Nov. 5 (Special).—Republicans feel more confident to-night of carrying California for Harrison than at any other time in the campaign. Ad-vices from the interior are encouraging and show the solid work that Protection has done in winning over farmers, wool-growers and fruit men. None of the canards floated by Democrats has had any success. The 50,000 copies of "The Indianapolis Labor Signal," containing the false charges against Harrison, which were printed on "The Indianapolis Sentinel" press and shipped to California, have not been distributed Chairman Huston, of the Indiana Republican State Central Committee, sent out here by express placards exposing their falsity, and these were posted last night all around town. Republicans claim the State by from 10,000 to 15,000 majority. A preminent Democrat who has the best sources of information said privately that the Democratic State Central plurality for Harrison. This is based on an estimate of 3,000 majority in this city for the Republicans. There is no question whatever that the Republicans will carry the Ist, IIId and VIth Congressional Disrow's re-election, however, depends upon the city vote, which is always uncertain; but De Haven in VIth, are morally certain to be elected. In San Francisco Story (Rep.) will no doubt be elected, but O'Don orator, will poil a large vote, and some lear that new will be elected. He will certainly defeat Pond (Dem.), candidate for Mayor. The prospects for early returns are goomy. The ticket contains sixty-one names, and to count it will take at least five minutes. The result of the State and Congress tickets wil Iprobably be known by 2 o'clock on Wednesday morning, but the city vote will not be counted for two or three days.

THIRTY-NINE NEW CASES IN JACKSONVILLE Jacksonville, Fla., Nov. 5 (Special).-President Neal ending at 6 o'clock to-night is as follows:

dulged in an impromptu parade to-night, the first notes of a band heard in the street and the first sign of life after nightfall for fully three months.

PRICE THREE CENTS. NO VOTING BY PIECEMEAL

ALL BALLOTS MUST BE CAST TOGETHER

JUSTICE LAWRENCE MAKES AN IMPORTANT DE-CISION THAT WILL FACILITATE WORK

AT THE POLIS.

A novel question was raised and quickly disposed of in the Supreme Court yesterday in regard to the right of citizens to deposit their ballots in the general election to-day, part at one time and part at another. The matter was before Justice Lawrence, in Chambers, on an application mede on behalf of George S. Simpson for an injunction to restrain James W. Brown, John N. Noonan, Charles Crapsey and James Roscoe, inspectors of election in the Eighth Election District of the IXth Assembly, District from permitting any elector in their district to deposit part of his vote at one time and part at another.

In an affidavit Simpson set forth that Brown Noonan and Crapsey had declared in his present that they would permit voting by instal great injury to deponent and other electors in said district and deprive them of their constituti right to vote, as it would not be possible, if that course were pursued, for every elector to vota. Mr. Simpson, having begun a suit for a permanent injunction, asked for a temporary injunction pendente lite. The case was argued by Nelson J. Waterbury, jr., for the plaintiff and Corporation Counsel Beekman for the defendant, and the Judge speedily decided it, saying:

My examination of the provisions of the Consolida-tion Act and of the other acts relating to the registra-tion of voters and the holding of elections in the city of New-York satisfies me that there is no warrant in law for permitting a citizen to present himself more than once at the polls for the purpose of voting, and that when he is reached in his turn he must once and for all exercise his right of suffrage at that election. The Judge quotes sections 1,866, 1,882, 1,883,

and 1,884 of the Consolidation Act, and says that in his opinion this conclusion necessarily follows from their processions. In regard to sections 1,884, relating to the duties of poll clerks, the ludge says:

have been deposited by the elector.

The Judge finds on an examination of statutes and authorities that this view is correct, and grants the application for an injunction.

The counsel for Mr. Simpson had 1,000 copies of the decision printed last evening, and opples were sent to each polling place for the information of the election officers.

The Police Commissioners upon receiving a copy of this opinion passed a resolution that the Superintendent of Police be directed to cause and decision to be piaced forthwith before the inspectors of election in the several election districts of the city for their information and guidance.

THEIR RIGHT TO VOTE DISPUTED.

CYNTHIA LEONARD'S HOPES ARE GONE-THE

Union Theological Seminary to vote at this election was referred by the Board of Police to the Corporation raised. Mr. Beckman decides that if the students entering the seminary as students, but also with residences and acquiring a new residence within in that city. The General's present was a miniature this State, they are entitled to vote; otherwise, they residence, within the requirements of Section 1 of Article II of the Constitution, is not sufficient to establish the right. Each individual case must be decided upon its own merits. It is entirely a question of intent on the part of the voter in determining

his legal residence. President Hastings, of the seminary, Eura King ley, as counsel, and forty-two students who have registered in order to vote at this election, were at the District-Attorney's office yesterday. The sturegistration. They were not arrested nor arraigned in court, but Assistant District-Attorney Gon sent for them and gave them yesterday his opinion as to the meaning of the law in relation to the residence of students. The position of the students was ex-plained, and the understanding was that they would be challenged, but they would take the necessary oath and would vote, taking the risk of punishment under

Anna P. Johnson, secretary of the Woman's Equal Rights Society, appeared before Justice Lawrence in the Supreme Court, Chambers, yesterday and listened with great interest to the proceedings in relation to Mrs. Leonard's application for mandamus to compel the inspectors of the Thirty-fourth Election District of the VIIth Assembly District to receive her ballots to-day. The Judge said the question had been settled long ago and denied the application. "It is extremely probable," he added, "that these inspectors are liable to criminal prosecution for allowing Mrs. Leonard to register." Mrs. Leonard confessed to a reporter yesterday. that she would not attempt to vote. She will, however, she says, fight her case again. She expects to

poll several thousand votes to day.

The inspectors of the Seventh Election District of the XIth Assembly District, by an error, registered Charles G. Funk, Stephen Van Horne and Lowell J. Charles G. Funk, Stephen Van Horne and Lowell J. Bullard as living at No. 46 West Twenty-sixth-six, when in reality their home is at No. 46 West Twenty-sifth-st. Justice Lawrence, of the Supreme Court, yesterday granted a mandamus requiring the correct registration of these men. Justice Freedman, of the Superior Court, yesterday granted a mandamus commanding that Morris Tekulsky be registered in the Seventh Election District of the IId Assembly District. Tekulsky, when five years old, came to this country with his father. The latter was naturalized, and the son presented his father's certificate of naturalization when he sought to be registered. The registrars refused to receive his name.

CASES OF ILLEGAL REGISTRATION. VARIOUS PENALTIES METED OUT-MANY NEW WARRANTS ISSUED.

Gustave Kugues was arrested yesterday and taker before Commissioner Shields on a charge of illegally registering. He lives at No. 821 Cortlandt-ave., in the Twelfth Election District of the XXIVth Assembly District, and gave his age to the inspectors as twentyne years. His mother says that he is only eighte He was held in bail to await examination. Samuel Ray, who had no home, registered in the Forty-ninth Election District of the XXIId Assembly District, and was indicted for false registration. He pleaded guilty intoxicated when he registered. He was sentence to two years and four months in the State prison.

Justice Ford resterday in the Jefferson Market Police Court for illegally registering in the Twenty-fourth Election District of the IXth Assembly District. He had claimed to live at No. 779 Washington-st. He was in the Ninth Ward were issued yesterday by Justice Ford to Detectives Burleigh and Valient. Eaton, colored, through ignorance of the law, registered from his place of business instead of from here he lodged. He sleeps at No. 22 Minetta lane, and has a coal and wood cellar at No. 109 West Tenth st. Justice Ford, at Jefferson Market Court,

William H. Ingraham, sr., of No. 239 West Twelfus-st., is the father of William H. Ingraham, jr., the County Democracy nominee for Alderman in the VIIth tacked his son's card-board posters about on telegraph Pittsburg, Nov. 5.—In the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania to-day Justice Williams decided that the Mechanics' Lien Law was unconstitutional.